



IPO9 Polyclonal Antibody

Cat #: ABP58960

Size: 30µl /100µl /200µl

Product Information

	Product Name: IPO9 Polyclonal Antibody		
	Applications: WB, ELISA		Isotype: Rabbit IgG
	Reactivity: Human, Mouse		
REF	Catalog Number: ABP58960	LOT	Lot Number: Refer to product label
	Formulation: Liquid		Concentration: 1 mg/ml
	Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.		Note: Contain sodium azide.

Background: IPO9 (Importin 9) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with IPO9 include Atypical Lipomatous Tumor. Functions in nuclear protein import as nuclear transport receptor. Serves as receptor for nuclear localization signals (NLS) in cargo substrates. Is thought to mediate docking of the importin/substrate complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) through binding to nucleoporin and the complex is subsequently translocated through the pore by an energy requiring, Ran-dependent mechanism. At the nucleoplasmic side of the NPC, Ran binds to the importin, the importin/substrate complex dissociates and importin is re-exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where GTP hydrolysis releases Ran.

Application Notes: Optimal working dilutions should be determined experimentally by the investigator. Suggested starting dilutions are as follows: WB (1:500-1:2000), ELISA (1:5000-1:20000).

Storage Buffer: PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02% Sodium Azide as preservative and 50% Glycerol.

Storage Instructions: Stable for one year at -20°C from date of shipment. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the original vial after thawing and prior to removing the cap. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note: The product listed herein is for research use only and is not intended for use in human or clinical diagnosis. Suggested applications of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license. We cannot be responsible for patent infringements or other violations that may occur with the use of this product.