

CD158z Polyclonal Antibody

Cat #: ABP53004 Size: 30µl /100µl /200µl

Product Information

	Product Name: CD158z Polyclonal Antibody		
	Applications: WB, IHC-P, ELISA		Isotype: Rabbit IgG
	Reactivity: Human		
REF	Catalog Number: ABP53004	LOT	Lot Number: Refer to product label
	Formulation: Liquid		Concentration: 1 mg/ml
Ĵ/	Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.	\triangle	Note: Contain sodium azide.

Background: Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13. within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules; thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response. This gene is one of the "framework" loci that is present on all haplotypes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]KIR3DL3 (Killer Cell Immunoglobulin Like Receptor, Three Ig Domains And Long Cytoplasmic Tail 3) is a Protein Coding gene. Among its related pathways are Immune System and Immune response Role of DAP12 receptors in NK cells. An important paralog of this gene is KIR2DL4. Receptor on natural killer cells. May inhibit the activity of NK cells thus preventing cell lysis.

<u>Application Notes</u>: Optimal working dilutions should be determined experimentally by the investigator. Suggested starting dilutions are as follows: WB (1:500-1:2000), IHC-P (1:100-1:300), ELISA (1:20000). Not yet tested in other applications.

Storage Buffer: PBS containing 50% Glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% Sodium Azide.

Storage Instructions: Stable for one year at -20°C from date of shipment. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the original vial after thawing and prior to removing the cap. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.





Note: The product listed herein is for research use only and is not intended for use in human or clinical diagnosis. Suggested applications of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license. We cannot be responsible for patent infringements or other violations that may occur with the use of this product.

