



## PPAR-γ Polyclonal Antibody

Cat #: ABP52252

Size: 30μl /100μl /200μl

### Product Information

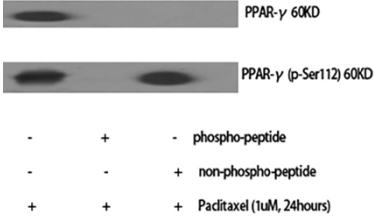
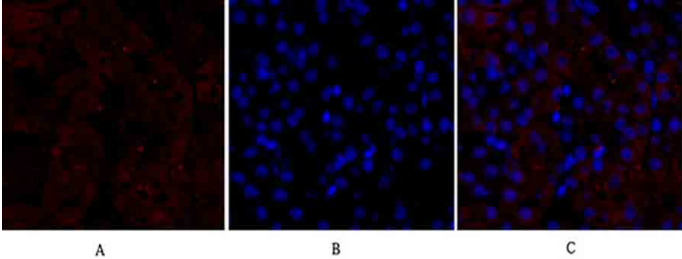
	<b>Product Name:</b> PPAR-γ Polyclonal Antibody		
	<b>Applications:</b> WB, IF, IHC-P, ELISA		<b>Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG
	<b>Reactivity:</b> Human, Mouse, Rat		
<b>REF</b>	<b>Catalog Number:</b> ABP52252	<b>LOT</b>	<b>Lot Number:</b> Refer to product label
	<b>Formulation:</b> Liquid		<b>Concentration:</b> 1 mg/ml
	<b>Storage:</b> Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.		<b>Note:</b> Contain sodium azide.

**Background:** PPARG encodes a member of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) subfamily of nuclear receptors. PPARs form heterodimers with retinoid X receptors (RXRs) and these heterodimers regulate transcription of various genes. Three subtypes of PPARs are known: PPAR-alpha, PPAR-delta, and PPAR-gamma. Peroxisome proliferator activated receptor gamma encoded by PPARG is PPAR-gamma and is a regulator of adipocyte differentiation. Additionally, PPAR-gamma has been implicated in the pathology of numerous diseases including obesity, diabetes, atherosclerosis and cancer. Alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different isoforms have been described

**Application Notes:** Optimal working dilutions should be determined experimentally by the investigator. Suggested starting dilutions are as follows: WB (1:500-1:2000), IHC-P (1:100-1:300), ELISA (1:10000). Not yet tested in other applications.

**Storage Buffer:** PBS containing 50% Glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% Sodium Azide.

**Storage Instructions:** Stable for one year at -20°C from date of shipment. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the original vial after thawing and prior to removing the cap. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

 <p>PPAR-γ 60KD</p> <p>PPAR-γ (p-Ser112) 60KD</p> <p>-        +        - phospho-peptide</p> <p>-        -        + non-phospho-peptide</p> <p>+        +        + Paditaxel (1uM, 24hours)</p>	<p>Fig.1. Western Blot analysis of various cells using PPAR-γ Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000.</p>
 <p>A                      B                      C</p>	<p>Fig.2. Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse kidney tissue. 1, PPAR-γ Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 Labeled secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B.</p>

**Note:** The product listed herein is for research use only and is not intended for use in human or clinical diagnosis. Suggested applications of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license. We cannot be responsible for patent infringements or other violations that may occur with the use of this product.